

Principal: **Vivian Roper**  
 School type: **Charter**  
 Grade range: **K–8**  
 Enrollment: **494**  
 Address: **3400 Paseo Boulevard**  
 City: **Kansas City**  
 Phone: **816-561-0114**  
 Fax: **816-561-1015**

# Lee A. Tolbert

## Community Academy

### School Performance Report 2003–04

#### PRINCIPAL'S COMMENTS

The foundation of the academy is integrity, respect and character. Students are given the opportunity to learn and feel empowered to become 21st century leaders and entrepreneurs. The concept of mutual respect is essential to our school's success. Small class sizes with large, modern classrooms provide an ideal educational environment. At our school, parents and staff make important decisions together regarding children's education. Home visits and volunteer hours help parents and teachers build working relationships that will help children succeed.

#### KEEPING YOU INFORMED

This report summarizes how this school and its students are performing. As you read this, ask yourself: How did this school do compared with previous years and with other schools in the city and state? Why might this be happening, and what is the school doing to help all students in all subjects? Discuss questions like these with other parents and with the school's advisory committee, teachers and principal. Improving schools is everyone's responsibility. Having good information and honest conversations are important first steps.

#### STUDENT PERFORMANCE

##### Missouri Assessment Program Scores, Spring 2004

The state requires students in specified grades to take the Missouri Assessment Program (MAP). The test measures how well students meet the state standards, which explain what students should know and be able to do in math, science, social studies and communication arts. Students' MAP scores fall into one of five categories: Advanced, Proficient, Nearing Proficient, Progressing or Step 1.

#### TOTALS

Percentage of students scoring at Advanced or Proficient

	This School	District Schools	State Schools
<b>Grade 3</b>			
Communication Arts	9%	15%	35%
Science	17%	33%	51%
<b>Grade 4</b>			
Math	25%	22%	40%
Social Studies	41%	*	49%
<b>Grade 7</b>			
Communication Arts	10%	12%	32%
Science	0%	6%	16%
<b>Grade 8</b>			
Math	0%	6%	14%
Social Studies	0%	*	42%

MAP scores include all students. Additional MAP scores are on next page.

## Student Performance (continued)

**GRADE 3****Communication Arts**

In reading, grade three students should be able to identify main ideas, details, synonyms and antonyms, for example. In writing, they should be able to write in an organized manner using details.

Percentage of students scoring at Advanced or Proficient

	This School	District Schools	State Schools
<b>Total</b>	<b>9%</b>	15%	35%
<b>Black</b>	<b>9%</b>	13%	19%
<b>White</b>	*	27%	39%
<b>Hispanic</b>	*	16%	21%
<b>Asian</b>	*	25%	44%
<b>Female</b>	<b>8%</b>	17%	38%
<b>Male</b>	<b>9%</b>	14%	31%
<b>Low Income</b>	<b>6%</b>	14%	22%
<b>Not Yet English Proficient</b>	*	19%	18%
<b>Learning Disabled</b>	*	10%	21%
Percentage of students taking test	98%	98%	99%

**Science**

Grade three students, for example, should be able to explain the water cycle, identify causes of physical changes in Earth's crust, and explain the difference between stars and planets.

Percentage of students scoring at Advanced or Proficient

	This School	District Schools	State Schools
<b>Total</b>	<b>17%</b>	33%	51%
<b>Black</b>	<b>18%</b>	26%	34%
<b>White</b>	*	54%	57%
<b>Hispanic</b>	*	35%	40%
<b>Asian</b>	*	42%	57%
<b>Female</b>	<b>20%</b>	32%	49%
<b>Male</b>	<b>15%</b>	33%	53%
<b>Low Income</b>	<b>15%</b>	31%	40%
<b>Not Yet English Proficient</b>	*	38%	36%
<b>Learning Disabled</b>	*	25%	37%
Percentage of students taking test	100%	99%	99%

**GRADE 4****Math**

Grade four students, for example, should be able to solve multistep problems, relate fractions and decimals, and compare two- or three-dimensional shapes.

Percentage of students scoring at Advanced or Proficient

	This School	District Schools	State Schools
<b>Total</b>	<b>25%</b>	22%	40%
<b>Black</b>	<b>23%</b>	20%	24%
<b>White</b>	*	33%	45%
<b>Hispanic</b>	*	20%	29%
<b>Asian</b>	*	33%	60%
<b>Female</b>	<b>32%</b>	23%	39%
<b>Male</b>	<b>14%</b>	21%	42%
<b>Low Income</b>	<b>22%</b>	19%	28%
<b>Not Yet English Proficient</b>	*	13%	30%
<b>Learning Disabled</b>	*	12%	24%
Percentage of students taking test	100%	99%	99%

**Social Studies**

Grade four students, for example, should be able to identify the purposes of various documents, identify problems and changes in institutions or groups, and interpret graphs and drawings.

Percentage of students scoring at Advanced or Proficient

	This School	District Schools	State Schools
<b>Total</b>	<b>41%</b>	*	49%
<b>Black</b>	<b>40%</b>	N/T	28%
<b>White</b>	*	N/T	53%
<b>Hispanic</b>	<b>N/T</b>	*	38%
<b>Asian</b>	<b>N/T</b>	N/T	58%
<b>Female</b>	<b>46%</b>	*	48%
<b>Male</b>	<b>34%</b>	*	49%
<b>Low Income</b>	<b>41%</b>	N/T	35%
<b>Not Yet English Proficient</b>	<b>N/T</b>	N/T	27%
<b>Learning Disabled</b>	*	N/T	29%
Percentage of students taking test	98%	100%	99%

Legends used in this school performance report:

\* = Too few students were tested to be statistically significant.

N/T = No test was offered.

N/R = Data were not available or not reported.

Note: Due to rounding, percentages may not add up to 100 percent.

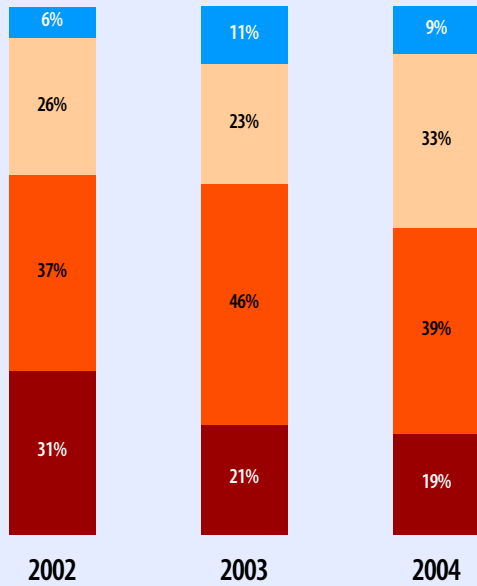
Student Performance (continued)

**MAP Scores, Three-Year Trends, 2002–04**

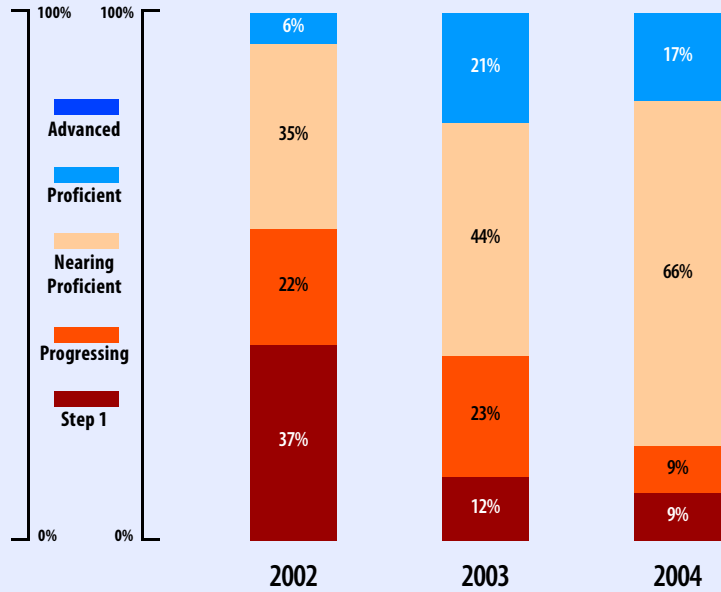
The three-year trend charts show percentages of all students who took the test. The goal is to have all students reaching Proficient or Advanced by 2014. Schools should be reducing steadily the percentage of students in the lowest categories (Step 1 and Progressing) and increasing the percentage in the Nearing Proficient, Proficient or Advanced groups. In other words, the bars at the bottom should be getting smaller each year — and the bars at the top larger. Not all schools will have students scoring in all five categories.

**GRADE 3**

**Communication Arts**

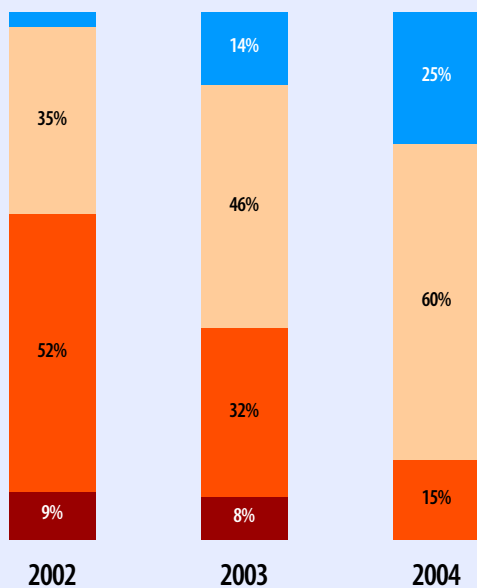


**Science**

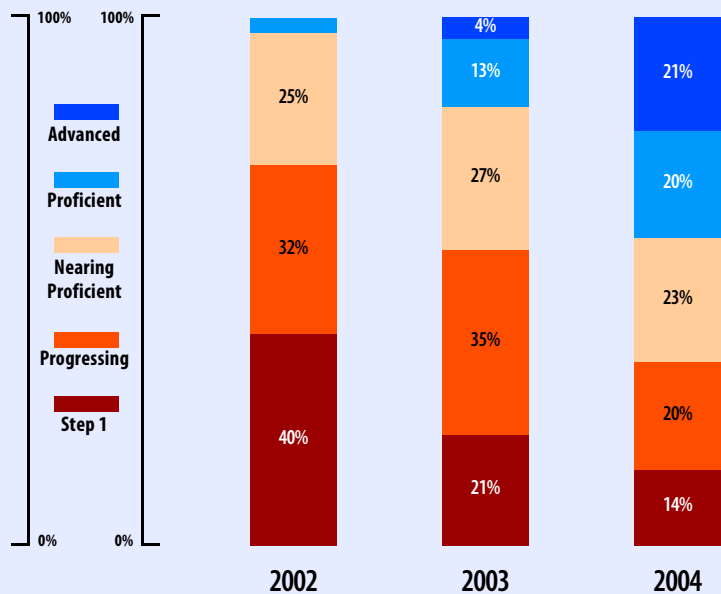


**GRADE 4**

**Math**



**Social Studies**



## Student Performance (continued)

**GRADE 7****Communication Arts**

Grade seven students are tested, for example, on whether they can identify the implied cause and effect from their reading and can use precise language and varied sentences in their writing.

Percentage of students scoring at Advanced or Proficient

	This School	District Schools	State Schools
<b>Total</b>	<b>10%</b>	12%	32%
<b>Black</b>	<b>10%</b>	9%	10%
<b>White</b>	*	29%	37%
<b>Hispanic</b>	*	11%	20%
<b>Asian</b>	*	29%	46%
<b>Female</b>	<b>14%</b>	15%	37%
<b>Male</b>	<b>5%</b>	10%	27%
<b>Low Income</b>	<b>5%</b>	10%	18%
<b>Not Yet English Proficient</b>	*	4%	16%
<b>Learning Disabled</b>	*	5%	7%
Percentage of students taking test	98%	96%	98%

**Science**

Grade seven students are tested, for example, on whether they can identify causes of the greenhouse effect, design an experiment to produce reliable data and list some of the state's natural resources.

Percentage of students scoring at Advanced or Proficient

	This School	District Schools	State Schools
<b>Total</b>	<b>0%</b>	6%	16%
<b>Black</b>	<b>0%</b>	4%	3%
<b>White</b>	*	17%	21%
<b>Hispanic</b>	*	4%	10%
<b>Asian</b>	*	20%	24%
<b>Female</b>	<b>0%</b>	6%	14%
<b>Male</b>	<b>0%</b>	6%	19%
<b>Low Income</b>	<b>0%</b>	4%	8%
<b>Not Yet English Proficient</b>	*	5%	8%
<b>Learning Disabled</b>	*	8%	5%
Percentage of students taking test	100%	97%	98%

**GRADE 8****Math**

Grade eight students are tested, for example, on whether they can use the concepts of similar and congruent shapes; apply perimeter, area and volume; and use algebra to describe patterns and relationships.

Percentage of students scoring at Advanced or Proficient

	This School	District Schools	State Schools
<b>Total</b>	<b>0%</b>	6%	14%
<b>Black</b>	<b>0%</b>	5%	3%
<b>White</b>	*	12%	16%
<b>Hispanic</b>	*	3%	8%
<b>Asian</b>	*	29%	36%
<b>Female</b>	<b>0%</b>	6%	14%
<b>Male</b>	<b>0%</b>	7%	14%
<b>Low Income</b>	<b>0%</b>	6%	6%
<b>Not Yet English Proficient</b>	*	0%	11%
<b>Learning Disabled</b>	*	1%	2%
Percentage of students taking test	100%	99%	99%

**Social Studies**

Grade eight students are tested, for example, on whether they can explain the rights and duties of the U.S. government, know the chronology of major inventions and events, and can analyze geographical sources.

Percentage of students scoring at Advanced or Proficient

	This School	District Schools	State Schools
<b>Total</b>	<b>0%</b>	*	42%
<b>Black</b>	<b>0%</b>	N/T	15%
<b>White</b>	N/T	*	47%
<b>Hispanic</b>	N/T	N/T	31%
<b>Asian</b>	N/T	N/T	52%
<b>Female</b>	<b>0%</b>	N/T	40%
<b>Male</b>	<b>0%</b>	*	44%
<b>Low Income</b>	<b>0%</b>	N/T	27%
<b>Not Yet English Proficient</b>	N/T	N/T	15%
<b>Learning Disabled</b>	N/T	N/T	13%
Percentage of students taking test	98%	100%	99%

Legends used in this school performance report:

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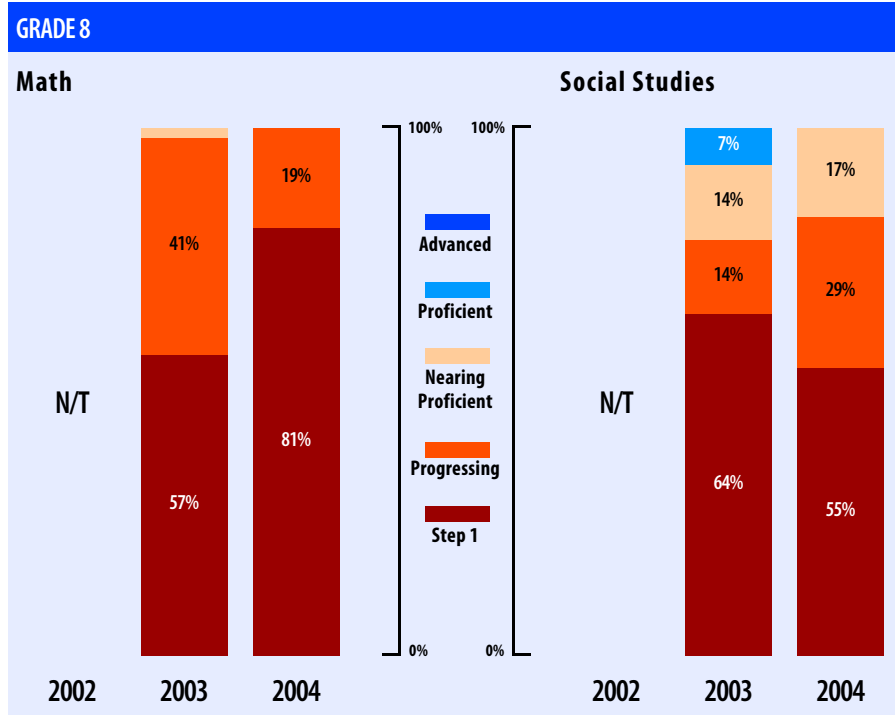
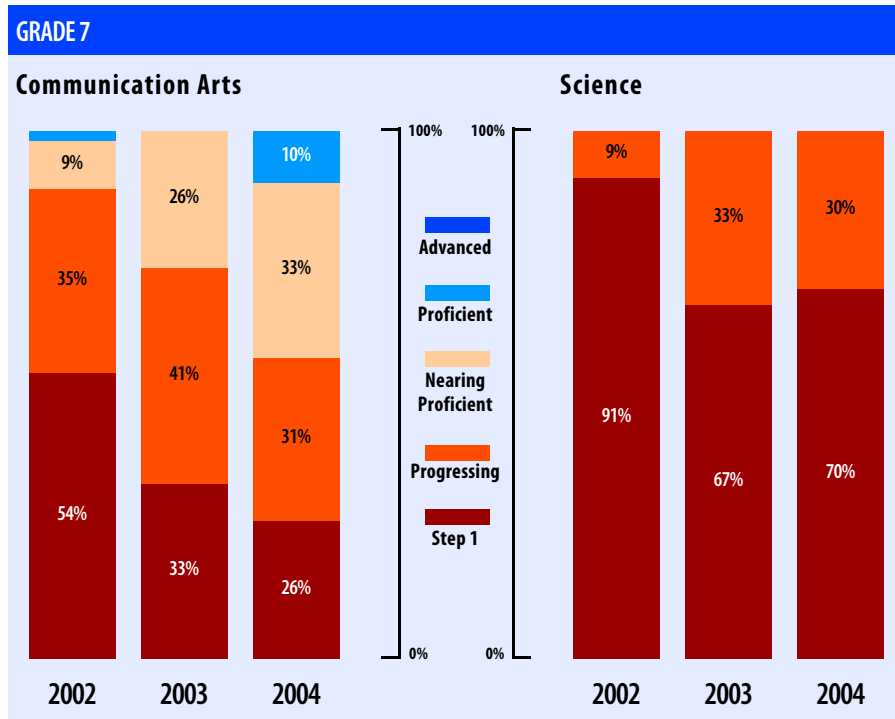
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Student Performance (continued)

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**TEACHERS**

Research shows that an effective teacher has a huge impact on student success in school. The state requires that schools report how long teachers have been in the classroom and whether they have an advanced college degree.

One of the challenges many schools face is a shortage of qualified teachers. These schools have been forced to hire teachers lacking full credentials. These teachers receive temporary credentials.

	School	District	State
Average years of experience	11	15	13
Percentage of teachers with a master's degree or higher	24%	37%	48%
Percentage of certified teachers	88%	90%	97%
Percentage of teachers with temporary credentials	0%	6%	2%
Percentage of teachers with no credentials	12%	4%	2%

**EXPENDITURES, 2003–04**

Schools spend most of their money on teachers, but teachers' salaries can vary based on their experience. In addition, schools with students who need more help often get extra funding. The combined effect, school by school, causes schools' funding levels to differ.

	School
Expenditures in 2003–04	\$3,175,026

For definitions of N/T, N/R and \*, see the legend on page 2.

## SCHOOL ENVIRONMENT

### Safety and Discipline

Students learn best when they feel safe in school. Suspensions and expulsions can vary from school to school, based on how individual principals and teachers handle discipline. At some schools, security staff patrol hallways daily. Students who ignore safety codes are required to take anger-management classes and are trained in conflict resolution. More severe cases result in suspension or expulsion.

#### NUMBER OF EXPULSIONS PER 100 STUDENTS

	School	District	State
2003–04	0	0	0

#### NUMBER OF SUSPENSIONS PER 100 STUDENTS

	School	District	State
2003–04	1	8	2

Students are suspended for a variety of reasons, including: assault, threatening other students and school staff, pulling the fire alarm.

### Average Class Size

The smaller the class size, the more one-on-one attention students receive from teachers. Research shows that individual attention can improve student learning.

#### STUDENT-TEACHER RATIOS\*

	School	District	State
2003–04	19:1	17:1	19:1
2002–03	17:1	17:1	18:1
2001–02	17:1	17:1	18:1

\*Includes only classroom teachers.

### Attendance

Students who come to school every day have a better chance to learn.

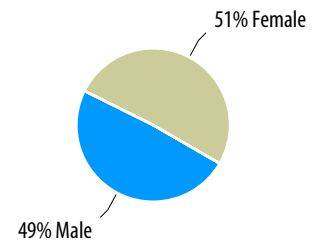
#### AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

	School	District	State
2003–04	94%	91%	94%

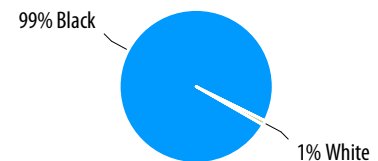
## STUDENTS

**Total Enrollment: 494**

### Gender

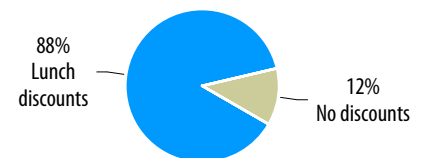


### Ethnicity



### Family Income

Students from low-income households are eligible to receive free and reduced-price lunches.



## IS YOUR SCHOOL MAKING “ADEQUATE YEARLY PROGRESS”?

All schools in Missouri must show that they have made adequate yearly progress (AYP) in communication arts and math, according to federal rules passed in January 2002. The school as a whole must meet these goals and so must each group of students: white, black, Hispanic, Asian, low income, special education and students learning to speak English. If even one group of students doesn't meet the communication arts or math target, the school does not make AYP. Also, at least 95 percent of students in each group must be tested.

If a school receives Title I funds from the federal government and doesn't make AYP two years in a row, it must give students a chance to transfer to another school. If a school doesn't make AYP three years in a row, it must provide free tutoring services to students. The rules are complicated. We recommend talking to the principal to learn more.

AYP AT A GLANCE	
	Yes / No
Did your school make AYP in communication arts?	No
Did your school make AYP in math?	Yes
Did your school make AYP by testing at least 95 percent of students in each group?	N/R
Does your school need to offer students a chance to transfer?	Yes
Does your school need to offer free tutoring service?	No

## CELEBRATIONS

- Our students made AYP in math on MAP. The continued increase in MAP scores results from the staff's focus on specific areas using schoolwide test improvement plans.
- Our staff exceed state certification requirements for charter school teachers. They are committed to teaching excellence in an environment conducive to learning.
- Students are evaluated daily on eight criteria. Each month, students who reach a 90 percent performance level celebrate at the Principal's Breakfast.

**DISCLAIMER:** We have tried to ensure the accuracy of the information contained in this report, but much of it is based on self-reports from the schools and district. Therefore, we make no representation or guarantee that the information is correct or reliable. Before making decisions using this information, you should visit the school and ask the principal to review and comment on the content of the report. Neither the Ewing Marion Kauffman Foundation nor the Partnership for Children makes any express or implied warranties with respect to this report or the information contained in it, and neither they nor their employees or contractors are responsible for any errors or omissions or for any damages caused by the use of the information contained herein.

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## USING THIS REPORT

This report shows where this school is succeeding and where there is room for improvement. Please use this information to ask educators how the school plans to improve and how you can help. Think about bringing together other parents to talk about what's inside this report. Ask teachers to get involved.

No single report, however, can tell the whole story of a school's educational program or the people who work and learn there. Find out firsthand by visiting the school and taking an active role in student learning. Studies show that when parents are involved, students do better in school.

For more information, contact:

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 Lee A. Tolbert Community Academy  
 3400 Paseo Boulevard  
 Kansas City, MO 64109-2429  
[jeddss@aol.com](mailto:jeddss@aol.com)  
 816-561-0114

Data supplied by the Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education unless otherwise noted. More data about this school can be found on the department's website: <http://www.dese.state.mo.us/planning/profile/building/arsd0480786920.html>.

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